

Test Report No. 616151-01 Test Report Date: August 2022

DESIGN AND EVALUATION OF A *MASHTL-2* **PERMANENT LOW-PROFILE BARRIER**

by

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The results reported herein apply only to the article tested. The full-scale crash tests were performed according to TTI Proving Ground quality procedures and American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware, Second Edition (*MASH*) guidelines and standards.

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The purpose of the tests reported he						
Barrier according to the safety-perf						
State Highway and Transportation						
	Edition (MASH) (1). The crash tests were performed in accordance with MASH Test Level 2 (TL-2), which					
requires two crash tests						
1. MASH Test 2-10: An 1100)C vehicle weighin	ng 2420 lb impactin	ng the longitudinal	barrier while		
traveling at 44 mi/h and 25	degrees.					
2. MASH Test 2-11: A 2270P	vehicle weighing	5000 lb impacting	the longitudinal ba	arrier while		
traveling at 44 mi/h and 25	degrees.		-			
This report provides details	on the Dommonant	Low Drofilo Domi	n the enable tests of	nd maguita and		
This report provides details						
the performance assessment of the	Permanent Low-Pi	forme Barrier for M	ASH TL-2 longitu	dinal barrier		
evaluation criteria.	D 1	6				
The Permanent Low-Profile	Barrier met the p	erformance criteria	tor MASH TL-2 lo	ongitudinal		
barriers.						
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17. Key Words		18. Distribution Stateme				
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		http://www.ntis.				
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°F	Fahrenheit	5(F-32)/9 or (F-32)/1.8	Celsius	°C
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lbf	poundforce	4.45	newtons	Ν
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Chapter 1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of the tests reported herein was to assess the performance of a TL-2 Permanent Low-Profile Barrier as contracted by the Roadside Safety Pooled Fund via the Florida Department of Transportation (WsDOT) according to the safety-performance evaluation guidelines included in the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware, Second Edition (*MASH*) (1). The crash tests were performed in accordance with *MASH* Test Level 2, which requires two crash tests (see section 4.1 for details on the tests performed).

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Chapter 2. DESIGN DEVELOPMENT

To develop a permanent low-profile barrier, the research team investigated various lowprofile concrete barrier shapes and concluded that a rectangular shape is a good candidate to be utilized due to its simplicity in construction. The research team took into account various criteria to develop a design and to evaluate the system, considering also*MASH* requirements. These criteria included height, occupant risk factors, and structural adequacy. The availability of a gutter at the toe of the barrier was investigated, and the researchers concluded that not having a gutter is a more critical case. While the typical shape of the gutter is expected not to significantly influence the behavior and stability of the impacting vehicles, the absence of the gutter would effectively decrease the effective height of the barrier, making it more critical for vehicle containment and stability. The analysis methodologies used to evaluate these criteria are presented below.

For a barrier system to meet *MASH* requirements, its height must be sufficient to contain and redirect the impacting vehicle in a stable manner. Currently, there is no published information regarding a minimum recommended height for *MASH* TL-2. Most Departments of Transportation (DOTs) employ barriers within a height range of 18 to 22 inches at low-speed locations to improve sight distance as well as to provide an alternate solution that will unobtrusively integrate with the adjacent surroundings².

The research team evaluated *MASH* TL-2 impacts against various barrier heights and concluded that the 20-inch tall vertical face design provided satisfactory vehicle stability under TL-2 impact conditions (Figure 2.1).

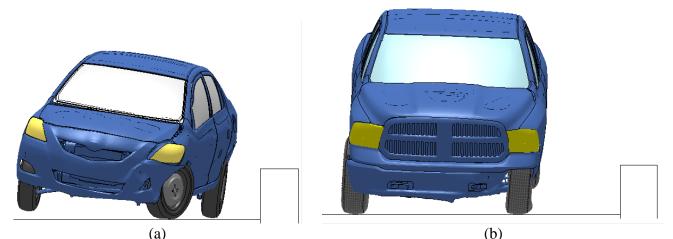


Figure 2.1. Post-impact vehicle stability (a) Small Passenger Car, (b) Pickup Truck

Another design element to keep in mind was the Working Width (i.e., Zone of Intrusion) upon impact. Utilizing predictive computer simulation, the research team investigated the working width to report on system characteristics. Figures 2.2 and 2.3 illustrate the working widths and their heights for a pickup truck and a small car, respectively.



Figure 2.2. Predicted working width for the pickup truck under TL-2 impact condition.



Figure 2.3. Predicted working width for the small car under TL-2 impact condition.

Furthermore, the research team recorded the occupant risk factors from the computer simulation effort. The predicted values are presented in Tables 2.1 and 2.2, and all were well within \underline{MASH} limits.

Evaluation Criteria		Value	MASH 2016 Limits
OIV, m/s	Longitudinal	3.8 (12.5)	12.2 (40)
(ft/s)	Lateral	5.4 (17.7)	12.2 (40)
ORA, g's	Longitudinal	2.8	20.49
	Lateral	8.5	20.49
Max.	Roll	18.1	75
Angular	Pitch	6.4	75
Disp., deg.	Yaw	32.4	not required

Table 2.1. Predicted Occupant Risk Factors for Test 2-11 (Pickup Truck Impact).

Table 2.2. Predicted Occupant Risk Factors for Test 2-10 (Small Car Impact).

Evaluation Criteria		Value	MASH 2016 Limits
OIV, m/s	Longitudinal	5.4 (17.7)	12.2 (40)
(ft/s)	Lateral	6.6 (21.6)	12.2 (40)
ORA, g's	Longitudinal	1.5	20.49
	Lateral	9.8	20.49
Max.	Roll	14.6	75
Angular	Pitch	3.7	75
Disp., deg.	Yaw	34.7	not required

The structural adequacy of the system was evaluated according to AASHTO LRFD Section 13. The analysis of the 20-in tall barrier revealed that the proposed design presented in the next chapter provides adequate resistance and meets the design criteria for MASH TL-2 impact conditions.

Chapter 3. SYSTEM DETAILS

3.1. TEST ARTICLE AND INSTALLATION DETAILS

The installation consisted of two cast-in-place, steel reinforced, low-profile concrete parapets cast onto a steel reinforced concrete deck. The upstream (south) low-profile parapet measured 20 inches tall, 12 inches wide, and 40 feet long, and had a 1-inch chamfer running along its traffic and field side top edges. The parapet's field side was set flush with the field side edge of the reinforced concrete deck, which measured 30 inches wide, 16 inches deep in the ground, and 80 feet 2 inches long. The downstream parapet (north) was cast in-line with the upstream (south) parapet, with a 2-inch gap between the two. The downstream parapet was identical to the first, with the only difference being a barrier height of 22 inches. The downstream parapet height was constructed to provide an alternative system with a taller height, in case of containment failure of the 20-inch parapet portion.

Figure 3.1 presents the overall information on the Permanent Low-Profile Barrier, and Figure 3.2 provides photographs of the installation. Appendix A provides further details on the Permanent Low-Profile Barrier. Drawings were provided by the Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI) Proving Ground, and construction was performed by MBC Management and supervised by TTI Proving Ground personnel.

3.2. DESIGN MODIFICATIONS DURING TESTS

No modifications were made to the installation during the testing phase.

3.3. MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

Appendix B provides material certification documents for the materials used to install/construct the Permanent Low-Profile Barrier. Table 3.1 shows the average compressive strengths of the concrete on the day of the first test on May 19, 2022:

Location	Design Strength (psi)	Avg. Strength (psi)	Age (days)	Detailed Location
Deck	3400	3905	30	Left half of deck
Deck	3400	4497	17	Right half of deck and left half of Parapet
Parapet	3400	4560	20	Right half of Parapet

Table 3.1 Concrete Strength.

TR No. [Project-Test#]

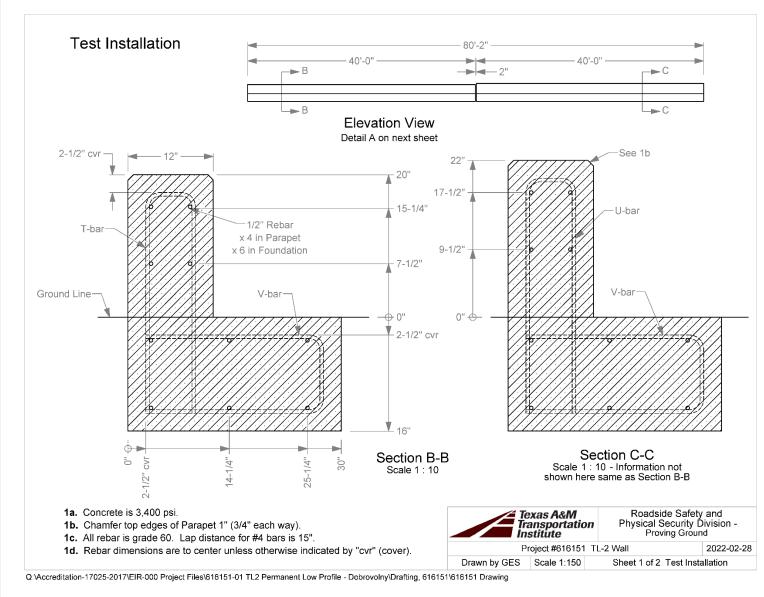


Figure 3.1 Details of Permanent Low-Profile Barrier.

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2022-09-07



Figure 3.2 Permanent Low-Profile Barrier prior to Testing.

Chapter 4. TEST REQUIREMENTS AND EVALUATION CRITERIA

4.1. CRASH TEST PERFORMED/MATRIX

Table 4.1 shows the test conditions and evaluation criteria for *MASH* TL-2 for longitudinal barriers. The target critical impact points (CIPs) for each test were determined using the information provided in *MASH* Section 2.2.1 and Section 2.3.2. Figure 4.1 shows the target CIP for *MASH* Tests 2-10 and 2-11on the Permanent Low-Profile Barrier.

Table 4.1 Test Conditions and Evaluation Criteria Specified for MASH TL-2 Longitudinal Barriers.

Test Article	Test Designation	Test Vehicle	Impact Conditions		Evaluation Criteria
Test Article	Test Designation		Speed	Angle	Evaluation Criteria
Longitudinal Barrier	2-10	1100C	44 mi/h	25°	A, D, F, H, I
Longituunnai Darrier	2-11	2270P	44 mi/h	25°	A, D, F, H, I

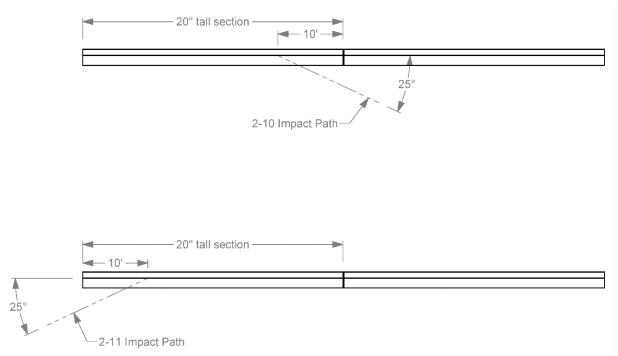


Figure 4.1 Target CIP for MASH TL-2 Tests on Permanent Low-Profile Barrier.

The crash tests and data analysis procedures were in accordance with guidelines presented in *MASH*. Chapter 4 presents brief descriptions of these procedures.

4.2. EVALUATION CRITERIA

The appropriate safety evaluation criteria from Tables 2.2 and 5.1 of *MASH* were used to evaluate the crash tests reported herein. Table 4.1 lists the test conditions and evaluation criteria required for *MASH* TL-2, and Table 4.2 provides detailed information on the evaluation criteria.

Evaluation Factors	Eva	MASH Test	
Structural Adequacy	А.	Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.	10, 11
	D.	10, 11	
		Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.2.2 and Appendix E of <i>MASH</i> .	
Occupant	 F. The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees. H. Occupant impact velocities (OIV) should satisfy the following limits: Preferred value of 30 ft/s, or maximum allowable value of 40 ft/s. Occupant impact velocities (OIV) should satisfy the following limits: Preferred value of 10 ft/s, or maximum allowable value of 16 ft/s. 		10, 11
Risk			10, 11
	I.	The occupant ridedown accelerations should satisfy the following: Preferred value of 15.0 g, or maximum allowable value of 20.49 g.	10, 11

 Table 4.2 Evaluation Criteria Required for MASH Testing.

Chapter 5. TEST CONDITIONS

5.1. TEST FACILITY

The full-scale crash tests reported herein were performed at the TTI Proving Ground, an International Standards Organization (ISO)/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) 17025-accredited laboratory with American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) Mechanical Testing Certificate 2821.01. The full-scale crash tests were performed according to TTI Proving Ground quality procedures, as well as *MASH* guidelines and standards.

The test facilities of the TTI Proving Ground are located on The Texas A&M University System RELLIS Campus, which consists of a 2000-acre complex of research and training facilities situated 10 mi northwest of the flagship campus of Texas A&M University. The site, formerly a United States Army Air Corps base, has large expanses of concrete runways and parking aprons well suited for experimental research and testing in the areas of vehicle performance and handling, vehicle-roadway interaction, highway pavement durability and efficacy, and roadside safety hardware and perimeter protective device evaluation. The sites selected for construction and testing are along the edge of an out-of-service apron/runway. The apron/runways consists of an unreinforced jointed-concrete pavement in 12.5-ft \times 15-ft blocks nominally 6 inches deep. The aprons were built in 1942, and the joints have some displacement but are otherwise flat and level.

5.2. VEHICLE TOW AND GUIDANCE SYSTEM

For the testing utilizing the 1100C and 2270P vehicles, each was towed into the test installation using a steel cable guidance and reverse tow system. A steel cable for guiding the test vehicle was tensioned along the path, anchored at each end, and threaded through an attachment to the front wheel of the test vehicle. An additional steel cable was connected to the test vehicle, passed around a pulley near the impact point and through a pulley on the tow vehicle, and then anchored to the ground such that the tow vehicle moved away from the test site. A 2:1 speed ratio between the test and tow vehicle existed with this system. Just prior to impact with the installation, the test vehicle was released and ran unrestrained. The vehicle remained freewheeling (i.e., no steering or braking inputs) until it cleared the immediate area of the test site.

5.3. DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEMS

5.3.1. Vehicle Instrumentation and Data Processing

Each test vehicle was instrumented with a self-contained onboard data acquisition system. The signal conditioning and acquisition system is a 16-channel Tiny Data Acquisition System (TDAS) Pro produced by Diversified Technical Systems Inc. The accelerometers, which measure the x, y, and z axis of vehicle acceleration, are strain gauge type with linear millivolt output proportional to acceleration. Angular rate sensors, measuring vehicle roll, pitch, and yaw rates, are ultra-small, solid-state units designed for crash test service. The TDAS Pro hardware and software conform to the latest SAE J211, Instrumentation for Impact Test. Each of the

16 channels is capable of providing precision amplification, scaling, and filtering based on transducer specifications and calibrations. During the test, data are recorded from each channel at a rate of 10,000 samples per second with a resolution of one part in 65,536. Once data are recorded, internal batteries back these up inside the unit in case the primary battery cable is severed. Initial contact of the pressure switch on the vehicle bumper provides a time zero mark and initiates the recording process. After each test, the data are downloaded from the TDAS Pro unit into a laptop computer at the test site. The Test Risk Assessment Program (TRAP) software then processes the raw data to produce detailed reports of the test results.

Each of the TDAS Pro units is returned to the factory annually for complete recalibration and to ensure that all instrumentation used in the vehicle conforms to the specifications outlined by SAE J211. All accelerometers are calibrated annually by means of an ENDEVCO® 2901 precision primary vibration standard. This standard and its support instruments are checked annually and receive a National Institute of Standards Technology (NIST) traceable calibration. The rate transducers used in the data acquisition system receive calibration via a Genisco Rateof-Turn table. The subsystems of each data channel are also evaluated annually, using instruments with current NIST traceability, and the results are factored into the accuracy of the total data channel per SAE J211. Calibrations and evaluations are also made anytime data are suspect. Acceleration data are measured with an expanded uncertainty of ± 1.7 percent at a confidence factor of 95 percent (k = 2).

TRAP uses the data from the TDAS Pro to compute the occupant/compartment impact velocities, time of occupant/compartment impact after vehicle impact, and highest 10-millisecond (ms) average ridedown acceleration. TRAP calculates change in vehicle velocity at the end of a given impulse period. In addition, maximum average accelerations over 50-ms intervals in each of the three directions are computed. For reporting purposes, the data from the vehicle-mounted accelerometers are filtered with an SAE Class 180-Hz low-pass digital filter, and acceleration versus time curves for the longitudinal, lateral, and vertical directions are plotted using TRAP.

TRAP uses the data from the yaw, pitch, and roll rate transducers to compute angular displacement in degrees at 0.0001-s intervals, and then plots yaw, pitch, and roll versus time. These displacements are in reference to the vehicle-fixed coordinate system with the initial position and orientation being initial impact. Rate of rotation data is measured with an expanded uncertainty of ± 0.7 percent at a confidence factor of 95 percent (k = 2).

5.3.2. Anthropomorphic Dummy Instrumentation

An Alderson Research Laboratories Hybrid II, 50th percentile male anthropomorphic dummy, restrained with lap and shoulder belts, was placed in the front seat on the impact side/opposite side of impact of the 1100C vehicle. The dummy was not instrumented.

According to *MASH*, use of a dummy in the 2270P vehicle is optional, and no dummy was used in the test.

5.3.3. Photographic Instrumentation Data Processing

Photographic coverage of each test included three digital high-speed cameras:

One overhead with a field of view perpendicular to the ground and directly over the impact point.

One placed upstream from the installation at an angle to have a field of view of the interaction of the rear of the vehicle with the installation.

A third placed with a field of view parallel to and aligned with the installation at the downstream end.

A flashbulb on the impacting vehicle was activated by a pressure-sensitive tape switch to indicate the instant of contact with the Permanent Low-Profile Barrier. The flashbulb was visible from each camera. The video files from these digital high-speed cameras were analyzed to observe phenomena occurring during the collision and to obtain time-event, displacement, and angular data. A digital camera recorded and documented conditions of each test vehicle and the installation before and after the test.

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Chapter 6. MASHTEST 2-10 (CRASH TEST NO. 616151-01-2)

6.1. TEST DESIGNATION AND ACTUAL IMPACT CONDITIONS

See Table 6.1 for details on *MASH* impact conditions for this test. Figure 6.1 depicts the target impact setup.



Figure 6.1 Permanent Low-Profile Barrier/Test Vehicle Geometrics for Test 616151-01-2.

Test Parameter	Specification	Tolerance	Measured	
Impact Speed (mi/h)	44	± 2.5 mi/h	45.1	
Impact Angle (deg)	25	± 1.5°	24.3	
Vehicle Inertial Weight (lbs)	2420	± 55 lbs	2447	
Impact Severity (kip-ft)	25	≥25 kip-ft	28.2	
Impact Location	120 inches downstream from the edge of the concrete barrier	\pm 12 inches	124.2 inches downstream from the edge of the concrete barrier	
	Exit Paramet	ers		
Speed (mi/h)		30.8		
Trajectory (degrees)		7.2		
Heading (degrees)		11.0		
Brakes applied post impact (see	econds)	3.6		
Vehicle at rest position		92 ft downstream of impact point52 ft to the traffic side90° left		
Comments:				
Vehicle remained upright and stable				
Vehicle crossed exit box* 45 ft d/s from loss of contact.				

Table 6.1 Impact Conditions for MASH 2-10 616151-01-2.

*not less than 32.8 ft downstream from loss of contact for cars and pickups is optimal

6.2. WEATHER CONDITIONS

Date of Test	Temperature (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	
May 23, 2022 AM	76	79	
Wind Direction (degrees)	Vehicle Traveling (degrees)	Wind Speed (mi/h)	
42	195	5	

Table 6.2 Weather Conditions 616151-01-2.

6.3. TEST VEHICLE

Figure 6.2 shows the 2017 Nissan Versa used for the crash test. Table 6.3 shows the vehicle measurements. Table C.1 in Appendix C.1 gives additional dimensions and information on the vehicle.



Figure 6.2 Test Vehicle before Test 616151-01-2.

Test Parameter	MASH	Allowed Tolerance	Measured
Dummy (if applicable) ^a (lbs)	165	N/A	165
Curb Weight (lbs)	2420	±55	2402
Gross Static ^a (lbs)	2585	±55	2612
Wheelbase (inches)	98	±5	102.4
Front Overhang (inches)	35	±4	32.5
Overall Length (inches)	169	±8	175.4
Overall Width (inches)	65	±3	66.7
Hood Height (inches)	24	±4	30.5
Track Width ^b (inches)	56	±2	58.4
CG aft of Front Axle ^c (inches)	39	±4	41.4
CG above Ground ^{c,d} (inches)	N/A	N/A	N/A

 Table 6.3 Vehicle Measurements 616151-01-2.

a - If a dummy is used, the gross static vehicle mass should be increased by the mass of the dummy

b - Average of front and rear Axles

c - For "test inertial" mass

d – 2270P vehicle must meet minimum c.g. height requirement

6.4. TEST DESCRIPTION

Table 6.4 lists events that occurred during Test No. 616151-01-2. Figures C.1 and C.2 in Appendix C.2 present sequential photographs during the test.

Time (s)	Events
0.0000	Vehicle impacts the installation
0.0360	Vehicle began to redirect
0.0670	Front left side tire lifts off of pavement
0.0940	Rear left side tire lifts off of pavement
0.3620	Front right tire contacts the pavement
0.4870	Vehicle lost contact with the rail and exited the test article traveling 30.8 mi/h at a trajectory of 7.2 degrees and a vehicle heading of 11.0 degrees

Table 6.4 Events during Test 616151-01-2.

6.5. DAMAGE TO TEST INSTALLATION

There was some scuffing and gouging at impact, and the soil was disturbed at the traffic side edge of the deck. No cracking or other damage to the installation was observed. Figure 6.3 shows the damage to the Permanent Low-Profile Barrier. Table 6.5 describes the damage to the Permanent Low-Profile Barrier.

Table 6.5 Damage to Permanent	Low-Profile Barrier 616151-01-2.
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Test Parameter	Measured	
Permanent Deflection/Location	There was no permanent deflection	
Dynamic Deflection	0.6 inches toward field side	
Working Width* and Height	23.4 inches, at a height of 16.9 inches Front Passenger Side Headlight Unit	

^{*} Per *MASH*, "The working width is the maximum dynamic lateral position of any major part of the system or vehicle. These measurements are all relative to the pre-impact traffic face of the test article." In other words, working width is the total barrier width plus the maximum dynamic intrusion of any portion of the barrier or test vehicle past the field side edge of the barrier.



Figure 6.3 Permanent Low-Profile Barrier after Test 616151-01-2.

6.6. DAMAGE TO TEST VEHICLE

Figure 6.4 and Figure 6.5 shows the damage sustained by the vehicle. Table 6.6 provide details on the interior and exterior damage to the vehicle. Tables C.2 and C.3 in Appendix C.1 provide exterior crush and occupant compartment measurements.



Figure 6.4 Test Vehicle after Test 616151-01-2.



Figure 6.5 Interior of Test Vehicle after Test 616151-01-2.

Test Para	ameter	Specification			Measured	
Roof		\leq 4.0 inches			0 inches	
Windshie	ld	\leq 3.0 inches			0 inches	
A and B I	Pillars	\leq 5.0 overall	\leq 5.0 overall / \leq 3.0 inches lateral		0 inches	
Foot Well	l/Toe Pan	\leq 9.0 inches			1 inch	
Floor Pan	/Transmission Tunnel	\leq 12.0 inches			0 inches	
Side Fron	it Panel	\leq 12.0 inches			0 inches	
Front Doc	or (above Seat)	\leq 9.0 inches			1 inch	
Front Door (below Seat) ≤ 12.0 inches		- 		0 inches		
Side Windows The side windows re		dows rema	ined intact.			
Maximum Exterior Deformation 3 inches in the		e front plane at the right front corner at bumper height				
VDS	11FRQ3	CDC 11FREW3		11FREW3		
Fuel Tank	Tank Damage None					
Description of Damage to Vehicle:						
The front humper, right headlight, right front tire and rim, right strut, right front quarter fender, right						

Table 6.6 Damage to Vehicle 616151-01-2.

The front bumper, right headlight, right front tire and rim, right strut, right front quarter fender, right rear rim, rear bumper, and windshield were all damaged. The right front door had a 2-inch gap at the top.

6.7. OCCUPANT RISK FACTORS

Data from the accelerometers were digitized for evaluation of occupant risk, and the results are shown in Table 6.7 Figure C.3 in Appendix C.3 shows the vehicle angular displacements, and Figures C.4 through C.6 in Appendix C.4 show acceleration versus time traces.

Test Parameter	MASH	Measured	Time
OIV, Longitudinal (ft/s)	≤40.0	20.4	0.1000 s on right side of interior
OIV, Lateral (ft/s)	≤40.0	23.2	0.1000 s on right side of interior
Ridedown, Longitudinal (g)	≤20.49	1.9	0.3468 - 0.3568 s
Ridedown, Lateral (g)	≤20.49	3.8	0.3841 - 0.3941 s
THIV (m/s)	N/A	9.4	0.0977 s on right side of interior
ASI	N/A	1.9	0.0599 - 0.1099 s
50ms MA Longitudinal (g)	N/A	-10.6	0.0292 - 0.0792 s
50ms MA Lateral (g)	N/A	-13.3	0.0295 - 0.0795 s
50ms MA Vertical (g)	N/A	-2.7	0.0644 - 0.1144 s
Roll (deg)	≤75	29	3.4999 s
Pitch (deg)	≤75	5	1.4271 s
Yaw (deg)	N/A	92	3.4999 s
Comments:			

Table 6.7 Occupant Risk Factors for Test 616151-01-2.

14		1 6 Barris			Test Agency	Texas	Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI)			
m and the a	1. 10	ALC: NO. OF CO.			andard/Test No.		2016, Test 2	2-10		
and a state of the state		10			ITI Project No.	61615	-			
					Test Date	2022-05-23				
	- 1	0	TEST A	RTICLE		T				
and the second s	4				Туре	•	udinal Barri			
And the second second					Name	TL-2 Permanent Low-Profile Concrete Barrier				
	No. A w	「「「「「」」			Length	80 feet 2 inches				
0.00)0 s		Key Materials			3400 F	PSI Concrete			
	140	1	Soil Type and Condition			AASHTO M147-65(2004), Type 1, Grade D Crushed Concrete				
and the second second	- Conce		TEST VI	EHICLE		1				
ET STATES	Th	- 12		Ту	pe/Designation	1100C				
	a lina	A STREET			lake and Model	2017 N	Vissan Versa			
					rb Weight (lbs)	2402				
					ial Weight (lbs)	2447				
					Dummy (lbs)	165				
	0.100			G	ross Static (lbs)	2612				
0.10	0.100 s				TIONS					
					ct Speed (mi/h)	45.1				
				-	act Angle (deg)	24.3				
							inches down	stream from edge of con	crete	
- Ar South a			Impact Location			barrier				
			Impact Severity (kip-ft)			28.2				
				EXIT CONDITIONS						
Company of the Party	-070		Exit Speed (mi/h)			30.8				
	-	ALL PROPERTY.	Trajectory/Heading Angle (deg)			7.2 / 11.0				
		adding to the	Exit Box Criteria			Crossed				
0.20)0 g	and the second	Stearing Distance			92 feet downstream				
0.20	<i>J</i> U 5		Stopping Distance			52 feet	52 feet to the traffic side			
			TEST A	RTICLE	DEFLECTIONS	5				
		(Dec		Dy	ynamic (inches)	0.6				
and the second second	all and	and the second second	Permanent (inches)			None				
		- 2	Working Width / Height (inches)			23.4 /	16.9			
	1	- Internet	VEHICL	E DAMA	GE					
		-			VDS	11FRQ3				
	*		CDC			11FREW3				
	- Aller			Max. Ex	xt. Deformation	3 inches				
0.30)0 s	and the second	Max	x Occupan	t Compartment Deformation	1 inch in the right kick panel and above the seat.			seat.	
			00	CCUPAN	T RISK VALUE	S				
Long.OIV (ft/s)	20.4	Long. Rideo		1.9	Max 50ms Lon		-10.6	Max Roll (deg)	29	
Lat. OIV (ft/s)	23.2	Lat. Ridedo		3.8	Max 50ms Lat.		-13.3	Max Pitch (deg)	5	
THIV (m/s) 9.4 ASI			.c/	1.9	Max 50ms Ver		-2.7	Max Yaw (deg)	92	
52'	- (92' Angle leading Angle	Impact Pa	+ 10.4'	Impact Angle	e	Conat	Тан Тан Четок стала Событ Соб	4 23* 13-1-12 7 - 122* 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	
					Tost 2 10			210	ection B-B Suale 1. 10	

Figure 6.6 Summary of Results for MASH Test 2-10 on Permanent Low-Profile Barrier.

Chapter 7. MASH TEST 2-11 (CRASH TEST NO. 616151-01-1)

7.1. **TEST DESIGNATION AND ACTUAL IMPACT CONDITIONS**

See Table 7.1 for details on MASH impact conditions for this test. Figure 7.1 depicts the target impact setup.



Figure 7.1 Permanent Low-Profile Barrier/Test Vehicle Geometrics for Test 616151-01-1.

Test Parameter	Specification	Tolerance	Measured		
Impact Speed (mi/h)	44	± 2.5 mi/h	44.2		
Impact Angle (deg)	25	± 1.5°	24.9		
Vehicle Inertial Weight (lbs)	5000	$\pm 110 \text{ lbs}$	5058		
Impact Severity (kip-ft)	52	≥52 kip-ft	58.6		
Impact Location	120 inches downstream from the edge of the concrete barrier.	\pm 12 inches	118.4 inches downstream from the edge of the concrete barrier		
	Exit Paramet	ers			
Speed		38.8 mi/h			
Trajectory		8°			
Heading		13°			
Brakes applied post impact		Brakes were not applied			
Vehicle at rest position		113 ft downstream of impact point51 ft to the field side100° left			
Comments: Vehicle remained upright and	stable.				
Vehicle did not cross exit box					

Table 7.1 Impact Conditions for MASH 2-11 616151-01-1.

Vehicle did not cross exit box

*not less than 32.8 ft downstream from loss of contact for cars and pickups is optimal

7.2. WEATHER CONDITIONS

Date of Test	Temperature (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)
May 19, 2022 AM	84	73
Wind Direction (degrees)	Vehicle Traveling (degrees)	Wind Speed (mi/h)
192	325	13

Table 7.2 Weather Conditions 616151-01-1.

7.3. TEST VEHICLE

Figure 7.2 shows the 2017 RAM 1500 used for the crash test. Table 7.3 shows the vehicle measurements. Table C.1 in Appendix C.1 gives additional dimensions and information on the vehicle.



Figure 7.2 Test Vehicle before Test 616151-01-1.

Test Parameter	MASH	Allowed Tolerance	Actual Measured
Dummy (if applicable) ^a (lbs)	165	N/A	N/A
Curb Weight (lbs)	5000	N/A	5015
Gross Static ^a (lbs)	5000	± 110	5058
Wheelbase (inches)	148	±12	140.5
Front Overhang (inches)	39	±3	40.0
Overall Length (inches)	237	±13	227.5
Overall Width (inches)	78	±2	78.5
Hood Height (inches)	43	±4	46.0
Track Width ^b (inches)	67	±1.5	68.3
CG aft of Front Axle ^c (inches)	63	±4	61.7
CG above Ground ^{c,d} (inches)	28	≥28	28.6

 Table 7.3 Vehicle Measurements 616151-01-1.

a - If a dummy is used, the gross static vehicle mass should be increased by the mass of the dummy

b - Average of front and rear Axles

c - For "test inertial" mass

d – 2270P vehicle must meet minimum c.g. height requirement

7.4. TEST DESCRIPTION

Table 7.4 lists events that occurred during Test No. 616151-01-1. Figures C.1 and C.2 in Appendix C.2 present sequential photographs during the test.

Time (s)	Events
0.0000	Vehicle impacts the installation
0.0770	Vehicle began to redirect
0.0950	Front right side tire lifts off of pavement
0.1400	Rear right tire lifts off of pavement
0.2780	Rear left side bumper contacts the parapet
0.4970	Vehicle lost contact with the rail and exited the test article traveling 38.8 mi/h at a trajectory of 7.8 degrees and a vehicle heading of 12.6 degrees
0.7430	Front right tire contacts the pavement

Table 7.4 Events during Test 616151-01-1.

7.5. DAMAGE TO TEST INSTALLATION

There was some scuffing and gouging at impact, and the soil was disturbed at the traffic side edge of the deck. No cracking or other damage to the installation was observed. Figure 7.3 shows the damage to the Permanent Low-Profile Barrier. Table 7.5 describes the damage to the Permanent Low-Profile Barrier.

Table 7.5 Damage to	Permanent]	Low-Profile	Barrier	616151-01-1
Table 7.5 Damage to	I CI manent		Darrier	010131-01-1.

Test Parameter	Measured
Permanent Deflection/Location	There was no permanent deflection
Dynamic Deflection	1.6 inches toward field side
Working Width* and Height	19.1 inches, at a height of 55.2 inches. Right front corner of truck.

^{*} Per *MASH*, "The working width is the maximum dynamic lateral position of any major part of the system or vehicle. These measurements are all relative to the pre-impact traffic face of the test article." In other words, working width is the total barrier width plus the maximum dynamic intrusion of any portion of the barrier or test vehicle past the field side edge of the barrier.



Figure 7.3 Permanent Low-Profile Barrier after Test 616151-01-1.

7.6. DAMAGE TO TEST VEHICLE

Figure 7.4 shows the damage sustained by the vehicle. Table 7.6 provides details on the interior and exterior damage to the vehicle. Tables C.2 and C.3 in Appendix C.1 provide exterior crush and occupant compartment measurements.



Figure 7.4 Test Vehicle after Test 616151-01-1.

Test Para	meter	Specification	1		Measured		
Roof		\leq 4.0 inches			0 inches		
Windshield	d	\leq 3.0 inches			0 inches		
A and B Pi	illars	\leq 5.0 overall	$/ \le 3.0$ inc	ches lateral	0 inches		
Foot Well/	Toe Pan	\leq 9.0 inches			0 inches		
Floor Pan/	Transmission Tunnel	\leq 12.0 inches			0 inches		
Side Front	Side Front Panel				0 inches		
Front Door	r (above Seat)	\leq 9.0 inches			0 inches		
Front Door	r (below Seat)	\leq 12.0 inches			0 inches		
Side Wind	OWS	The side wind	dows rem	ained intact			
Maximum	Exterior Deformation	14 inches in t	he front p	lane at the le	eft front corner at bumper height		
VDS	11FLQ2		CDC	11FLEW2			
Fuel Tank Damage None		None					
Descriptio	on of Damage to Vehicl	e:					
The front b	oumper, left headlight, l	eft front tire an	d rim, lef	t front quarte	er fender, left rear quarter fender		

Table 7.6 Damage to Vehicle 616151-01-1.

and rear bumper were damaged.

7.7. OCCUPANT RISK FACTORS

Data from the accelerometers were digitized for evaluation of occupant risk, and the results are shown in Table 7.7. Figure C.3 in Appendix C.3 shows the vehicle angular displacements, and Figures C.4 through C.6 in Appendix C.4 show acceleration versus time traces.

Test Parameter	MASH	Measured	Time
OIV, Longitudinal (ft/s)	≤40.0	14.4	0.1139 s on left side of interior
OIV, Lateral (ft/s)	≤40.0	20.6	0.1139 s on left side of interior
Ridedown, Longitudinal (g)	≤20.49	2.4	0.8592 - 0.8692 s
Ridedown, Lateral (g)	≤20.49	5.9	0.3120 - 0.3220 s
THIV (m/s)	N/A	7.7	0.1110 s on left side of interior
ASI	N/A	1.3	0.0679 - 0.1179 s
50ms MA Longitudinal (g)	N/A	-6.5	0.0416 - 0.0916 s
50ms MA Lateral (g)	N/A	10.2	0.0432 - 0.0932 s
50ms MA Vertical (g)	N/A	-2.0	0.0229 - 0.0729 s
Roll (deg)	≤75	30	0.5229 s
Pitch (deg)	≤75	20	3.5000 s
Yaw (deg)	N/A	40	0.5795 s
Comments:			

Table 7.7 Occupant Risk Factors for Test 616151-01-1.

11		1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 -			Test Agency	Texas .	A&M Trans	portation Institute (TTI)	
		and the second		Test Stan	dard/Test No.	MASH	2016, Test	2-11		
	and a state			Т	ΓΙ Project No.	616151	-01-1			
		- 10 B			Test Date	2022-05-19				
		1 MA	TEST AF	RTICLE						
					Туре	Longitudinal Barrier				
					Name		TL-2 Permanent Low-Profile Concrete Barrier			
And	address of the second second	Spitting of the			Length	80 feet	2 inches			
0.	000 s]	Key Materials		00 PSI Concrete ASHTO M147-65(2004), Type 1, Grade D Crushed			
		-	S	oil Type a	and Condition	AASH Concre		5(2004), Type 1, Grade	D Crushed	
		are be	TEST VE	HICLE						
					e/Designation	2270P				
		E AN			ke and Model	2017 R	AM 1500			
		K //		Curt	weight (lbs)	5015				
	- LA	and and the		Inertia	l Weight (lbs)	5058				
		Contraction of the second	-		Dummy (lbs)	N/A				
11 Marca 10	100 s	distant of the		Gro	oss Static (lbs)	5058				
0.	100 8		IMPACT	CONDI	TIONS					
			Impact Speed (mi/h)			44.2				
		1999 B	Impact Angle (deg)			24.9				
		and the second	Impact Location			118.4 inches downstream from the edge of the				
	and the second		Impact Severity (kip-ft)			concrete barrier				
		and the second s	EXIT CO	-		58.6				
	-	KAN				38.8				
		The second second	Exit Speed (mi/h) Trajectory/Heading Angle (deg)			7.8 / 12.6				
			Exit Box Criteria			Did Not Cross Box				
and the second s	and the second sec	The second second second				113 feet downstream				
0.	200 s		Stopping Distance				51 feet to the field side			
			TEST AF		DEFLECTION	S				
		10 A	Dynamic (inches) 1.6			1.6				
		and the second				None				
-	and a start	The state	Working Width / Height			19.1/5	55.2			
	-	100 m			(inches)	1).17.	5.2			
1.1.1	100	1 MAN	VEHICLE DAMAGE							
			VDS			11FLQ2				
			CDC			11FLEW2				
No.	and the second second	and the second sec	Max. Ext. Deformation Max Occupant Compartment		14 inches					
0.	300 s		Max C	Jecupant	Deformation	None				
			000	UPANT	RISK VALUES	;				
Long.OIV (ft/s)	14.4	Long. Ric	ledown (g)	2.4	Max 50ms Lo (g)		-6.5	Max Roll (deg)	30	
Lat. OIV (ft/s) 20.6 Lat. Ride			down (g)	5.9	Max 50ms La	at. (g)	10.2	Max Pitch (deg)	20	
THIV (m/s)	7.7	ASI	1.3 Max 50ms V			-	-2.0	Max Yaw (deg)	40	
Imp act A			ng Angle Angle Angle Box		51' ¥				201 15-1-17 7-122 7-	
E * 7 4 S										

Figure 7.4 Summary of Results for MASH Test 2-11 on Permanent Low-Profile Barrier.

Chapter 8. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

8.1. ASSESSMENT OF TEST RESULTS

The crash tests reported herein were performed in accordance with *MASH* TL-2, which involves two tests, on the Permanent Low-Profile Barrier. Tables 8.1 and 8.2 provide an assessment of each test based on the applicable safety evaluation criteria for *MASH* TL-2 longitudinal barriers.

8.2. CONCLUSIONS

Table 8.3 shows that the Permanent Low-Profile Barrier met the performance criteria for *MASH* TL-2 longitudinal barriers.

Tes	t Agency: Texas A&M Transportation Institute	Test No.: 616151-01-2 Test	Date: 2022-05-23
	MASH Test 2-10 Evaluation Criteria	Test Results	Assessment
<u>Strı</u> A.	<u>ictural Adequacy</u> Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.	The Permanent Low-Profile Barrier contained and redirected the 1100CP vehicle. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 0.6 inches	Pass
<u>Occ</u> D.	<u>Expant Risk</u> Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.	There was no spalling of the test article, so therefore there was no debris which showed potential for penetrating the occupant compartment or that would cause undue hazard to others in the area.	Pass
	Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.2.2 and Appendix E of MASH.		
F.	The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.	The vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 29° and 5°	Pass
H.	Occupant impact velocities (OIV) should satisfy the following limits: Preferred value of 30 ft/s (10 ft/s for supports), or maximum allowable value of 40 ft/s (16 ft/s for supports).	Longitudinal OIV was 20.4 ft/s, and lateral OIV was 23.2 ft/s.	Pass
I.	The occupant ridedown accelerations should satisfy the following limits: Preferred value of 15.0 g, or maximum allowable value of 20.49 g.	Longitudinal occupant ridedown acceleration was 1.9 g and lateral occupant ridedown acceleration was 3.8 g.	Pass

Tes	t Agency: Texas A&M Transportation Institute	Test No.: 616151-01-1 Test	Date: 2022-05-19
	MASH Test 2-11 Evaluation Criteria	Test Results	Assessment
<u>Strı</u> A.	<u>ictural Adequacy</u> Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.	ThePermanent Low-Profile Barrier contained and redirected the 2270P vehicle. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 1.6 inches	Pass
<u>Occ</u> D.	upant Risk Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.	There was no spalling of the test article, so therefore there was no debris that showed potential for penetrating the occupant compartment or that would cause undue hazard to others in the area.	Pass
	Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.2.2 and Appendix E of MASH.	There was no occupant compartment deformation.	
F.	The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.	The vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 30° and 20°	Pass
H.	Occupant impact velocities (OIV) should satisfy the following limits: Preferred value of 30 ft/s (10 ft/s for supports), or maximum allowable value of 40 ft/s (16 ft/s for supports).	Longitudinal OIV was 14.4 ft/s, and lateral OIV was 20.6 ft/s.	Pass
I.	The occupant ridedown accelerations should satisfy the following limits: Preferred value of 15.0 g, or maximum allowable value of 20.49 g.	Longitudinal occupant ridedown acceleration was 2.4 g and lateral occupant ridedown acceleration was 5.9 g.	Pass

Evaluation Factors	Evaluation Criteria	Test No. 616151-01-2	Test No. 616151-01-1
Structural Adequacy	А	S	S
	D	S	S
Occupant	F	S	S
Risk	Н	S	S
	Ι	S	S
Test No.		MASH Test 2-10	MASH Test 2-11
Pass/Fail		Pass	Pass

Table 8.3 Assessment Summary for MASH TL-2 Tests on Permanent Low-Profile Barrier.

Note: S = Satisfactory; N/A = Not Applicable.

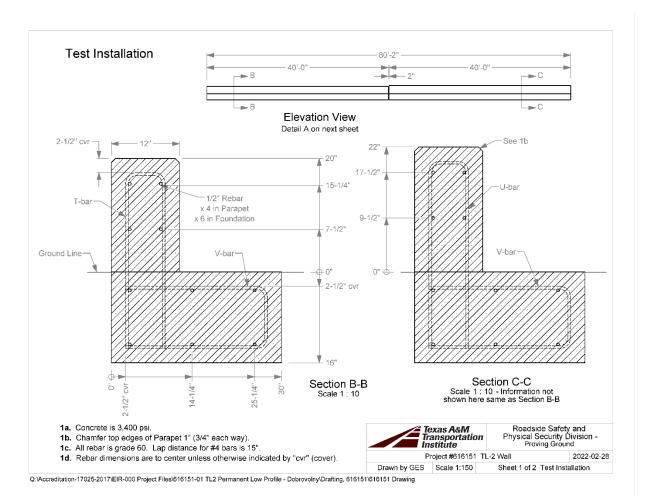
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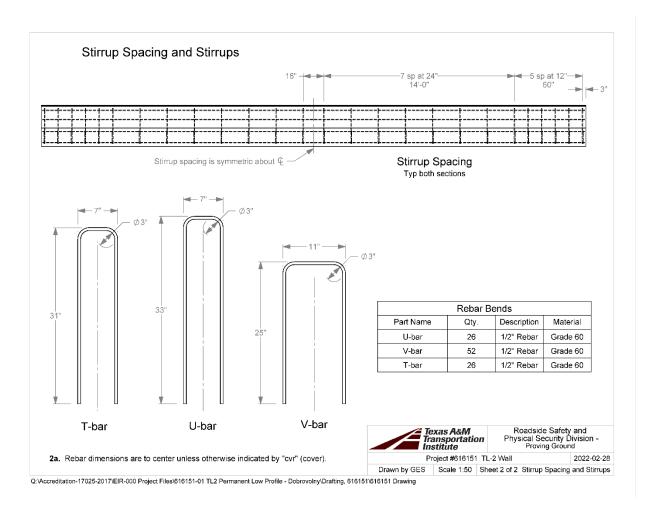
REFERENCES

1. AASHTO. Manual for Assessing Roadside Safety Hardware, Second Edition. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, Washington, DC, 2016.

2. Silvestri Dobrovolny, C., Shi, S., Kovar, J., Bligh, R. P., & Hurlebaus, S. (2019). Development of a New Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware TL-3 Low-Profile Portable Concrete Barrier for High-Speed Applications. Transportation Research Record, 2673(7), 630– 640. https://doi.org/10.1177/0361198119845898 DocuSign Envelope ID: 2FC45472-6E35-4F22-BCDB-B28E345F5099

APPENDIX A. DETAILS OF PERMANENT LOW-PROFILE BARRIER





APPENDIX B. SUPPORTING CERTIFICATION DOCUMENTS

ARKS :	Yield Strength test 1 66.3ksi Tensile Strength test 1 107.4ksi Elongation test 1 12% Elongation Gage Lgth test 1 8IN Tensile to Yield ratio test 1 1.62 Bend Test 1 Passed	C 0.43% P 0.011% S 0.037% Cu 0.30% Cr 0.08% Ni 0.12% Mo 0.039% V 0.000% Sn 0.011% Al 0.001%	Characteristic Value	AT NO.:3110455 CTION: REBAR 16MM (#5) 20'0" 420/60 ADE: ASTM A615-20 Gr 420/60 LL DATE: 11/13/2021 LT DATE: 11/13/2021 rt. No.: 83678308 / 110455A371	CMC STEEL TEXAS 1 STEEL MILL DRIVE SEGUIN TX 78155-7510
				S CMC 0 1061 1 1061 0 Collu 0 979 0	7510
151		Bend Test Diameter	Characteristic	CMC Construction Svcs College Stati 10650 State Hwy 30 College Station TX US 77845-7950 979 774 5900	CERTIFIED MILL TEST REPORT For additional copies call 830-372-8771
		neter	Value	NI-T FO	pies ca 771
		2.188IN		CMC Construction Svcs College Stati 10660 State Hwy 30 College Station TX US 77845 7950 979 774 5900	
	*Manufactured in accordance of the plant quality manual *Meets the "Buy America" re *Warning: This product can i known to the State of Caliti or other reproductive harm. I to www.P66Warnings.ca.gov	The Following is true of the main * Material is fully killed * 100%, malted and ralled in the * 2010204, 2004 3. I campliant * Contains no well repair * Contains no Mercuity contains * Contains no Mercuity contains	Chare	olloge Stati	urate and conform Quality Assurance
	*Manufactured in accordance with the latest version of the plant quality manual *Meets the "Buy America * requirements of 23 CrR635, 410, 49 CFR 661 *Maming: This product can expose you to chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov	The Following is true of the material represented by this MTR: *Material is fully killed *TOO% methed and relied in the USA *ENTOOA 2004 3.F compliant *Contains no weld repar *Contains no weld repar	Characteristic Value	Deilvery#: 82678308 BOL#: 74510114 CUST PO#: 902945 CUST PIN: DLVRY LBS / HEAT: 16024.000 LB DLVRY PCS / HEAT: 768 EA	are accurate and conform to the reported grade specification

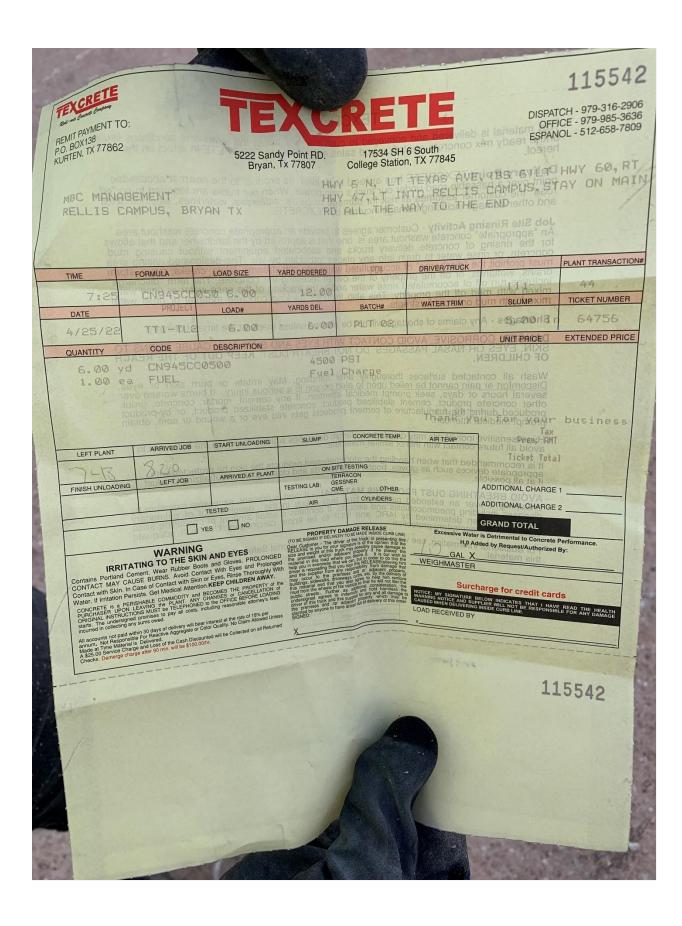
Page 1 OF 1 12/06/2021 21:01:30

CMC SEGU	CMC STEEL TEXAS 1 STEEL MILL DRIVE SEGUIN TX 78155-7510	510	CERT	IFIED MILL TEST REP For additional copies call 830-372-8771	REP		are accurate and conform to the reported grade specification
EAT NO.:3111147 ECTION: REBAR 13MM (#4) 20'0" 420/60	0'0" 420/60		CMC Construction Svcs College Stati		I S	ros Col	Delivery#: 83688434 BOL#: 74525096
RADE: ASTM A615-20 Gr 4220/60 2LL DATE: 12/14/2021 ELT DATE: 12/07/2021 art. No.: 83688434 / 111147A130	0/80 A130	0 - 0 -	10650 State Hwy 30 College Station TX US 77845-7950 979 774 5900	0 - 7-		10650 State Hwy 30 College Station TX US 77845-7950 979 774 5900	CUST PO#: 903828 CUST P/N: DLVRY LBS / HEAT: 10965.000 LB DLVRY PCS / HEAT: 820 EA
Characterístic	c Value		Characteristic	teristic Value	lue	Charact	Characteristic Value
C C	C 0.44%		Bend 1	Bend Test Diameter	61	1.750IN	
or 6							
2	0.18%						
Cu							
C							
A 0161	0.000%					*Material is fully killed	The Following is true of the material represented by this MTR: *Material is fully killed
Cb						* 100% melted and	* 100% melted and rolled in the USA
Sn						*EN10204 2004 3 1 compliant	1 / compliant
	0.00000					*Contains no Meteury con	Contains to Mercury contamination
Yield Strength test 1	66,6ksi					"Manufactured in a	Manufactured in accordance with the latest version
Tensile Strength test 1						of the plant quality manual	ity manual
Elongation test 1	13%					" Meets the "Hugh	"Meets the "Buy America" requirements of 23 CFR636 410, 49 CFR 651
Elongation Gage Ligth test 1						"Warning: This po	*Warning: This product can expose you to chemicals which are
Tensile to Yield ratio test 1	1.57					known to the Sta	known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects
Bend Jest 1	Passed					to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov	or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

42

Page 1 OF 1 12/17/2021 14:19:47

	exas A&M ansportation stitute		Concrete pling	Doc. No. QF 7.3- 01	Revision Date: 2020-0 7 -29
Qualit	y Form	Revised by: B.L. Griffi Approved by: D. L. Ku		Revision: 7	Page: 1 of 1
Project No:	616151-01	Casting Date:	4/25/2022	Mix Design (psi):	3400
Name of Technician Taking Sample		acon	Name of Technician Breaking Sample		acon
Signature of Technician Taking Sample		/Α	Signature of Technician Breaking Sample		/A
Load No.	Truck No.	Ticket No.	Locat	ion (from concrete	e map)
1	111	64756		Left half of deck	
Load No.	Break Date	Cylinder Age	Total Load (lbs)	Break (psi)	Average
					L



Concrete Cor Report Number: Service Date: Report Date: Task:	re Test Report A1171057.0228 05/26/22 05/31/22 PO# 616151-01									6198 Imp College S	oerial Loop Station, TX 7 -3767 Reg N	7845-5765	5
Client							Project						
Texas Transp Attn: Gary C TTI Busines 3135 TAMU	s Office						Riverside Ca Riverside Ca Bryan, TX						
	ion, TX 77843-3135						Project Num	ber: A117105	57				
Material Infor	mation						Sample Infe	ormation					
Specified Streng							Placement Da Date Tested: Sampled By:	nte: 05/25/2:	2	т	'ime: 0000		
Mix ID: Nominal Maxim	um Size Aggregate:						Drill Directio Date Core Of Date Ends Tr Moisture Cor	otained: 05// immed: 05//	25/22 25/22		'ime: 0000 'ime: 0000 ASTM C-42		
Laboratory Te Core ID	est Data	Cored Length (in)	Trim Length (in)	Capped Length (in)	Diam. (in)	Area (sq in)	Length / Diam. Ratio	Max Load (lbs)	Corr. Factor	Comp. Strength (psi)	Fracture Type	Density (pcf)	Tested By
1 South E 2 North E				7.57 7.74	4.00 4.00	12.57 12.57	1.89 1.94	49890 48310	1.000 1.000	3970 3840	3		SLS SLS

Comments:

Services: Terracon Rep.: Randolph E. Rohrbach Reported To: Contractor: Report Distribution: (1) Tease Transportation Institute, Bill Griffith

Start/Stop:

Reviewed By: Alexander Dunigan Project Manager

Test Methods:

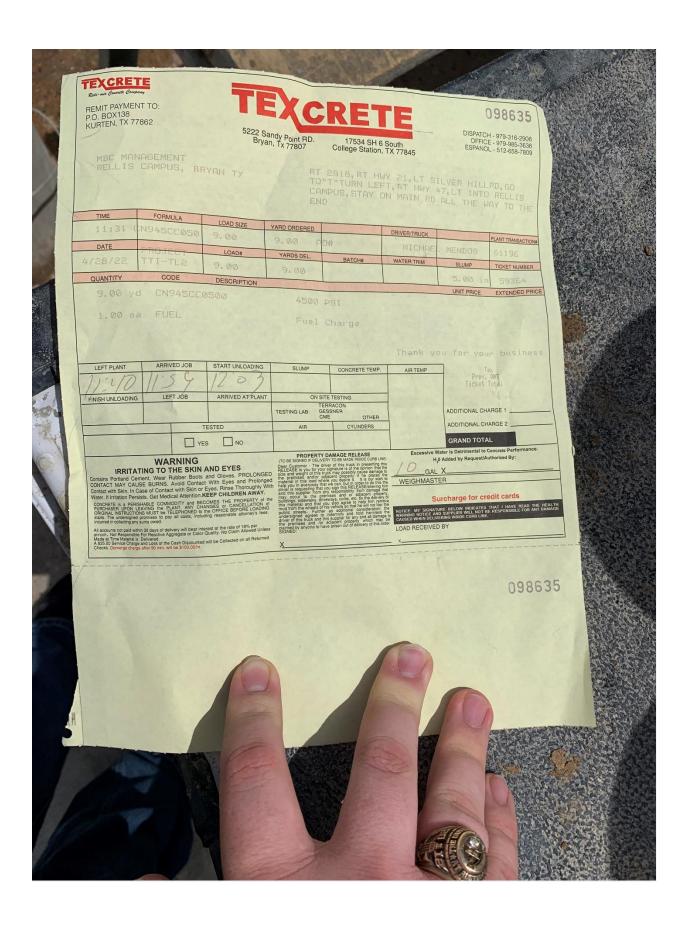
The tests were performed in general accordance with applicable ASTM, AASHTO, or DOT test methods. This report is exclusively for the use of the client indicated above and shall not be reproduced except in full without the written consent of our company. Test results transmitted herein are only applicable to the actual samples tested at the location(s) referenced and are not necessarily indicative of the properties of other apparently similar or identical materials.

CR0X04. 11-16-12, Rev.5

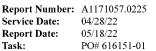
Page 1 of 1

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	exas A&M ransportation istitute		Concrete	Doc. No. QF 7.3- 01	Revision Date: 2020-0 7- 29
Qualit	y Form	Revised by: B.L. Griffi Approved by: D. L. Ku		Revision: 7	Page: 1 of 1
Project No:	616151-01	Casting Date:	4/28/2022	Mix Design (psi):	3400
Name of Technician Taking Sample		acon	Name of Technician Breaking Sample		acon
Signature of Technician Taking Sample		/Α	Signature of Technician Breaking Sample		/Α
Load No.	Truck No.	Ticket No.	Locat	ion (from concrete	e map)
1	Michael Mend08	59364	Left half o	f barrier and right h	alf of deck
Load No.	Break Date	Cylinder Age	Total Load (lbs)	Break (psi)	Average



CONCRETE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH TEST REPORT





6198 Imperial Loop College Station, TX 77845-5765 979-846-3767 Reg No: F-3272

Clien	t					Project						
Attn: 0 TTI B	Transport Gary Gerk usiness O FAMU		te			Riverside Riverside Bryan, T	Campus					
		TX 77843-	3135			Project N	umber: A	1171057				
Mater	rial Info	rmation				Sample	Inform	ation				
Specif	fied Stren	gth:				Sample I Sampled			04/28/22 Randy Ripps	Sample Ti	me:	
Mix I Suppl Batch Truck	lier: Time:		Plant: Ticket No.:			Weather Accumul Placemer Water Ac	Condition lative Yar nt Methoo dded Befo	ns: ds: l: ore (gal):	Kandy Kipps	Batch Size	e (cy):	
Field	Test Da	ata					dded Afte Location:	r (gal):				
	Test		Result	Specif	ication		nt Location:	on:				
Conci Ambi Plasti	ontent (% rete Temp ent Temp c Unit Wt (Cu. Yds.	n. (F): . (F): t. (pcf):										
Labo	ratory 1	lest Data	l				Age at	Max	Com	D		
Set	Spec	Cyl.	Avg Diam.	Area	Date	Date	Test	Load	Streng	•	rac	Tested
No.	<u>ID</u>	Cond.	(in)	(sq in)	Received	Tested	(days)	(lbs)	(psi)	<u>т</u>	pe	By
1	В	Good	6.00	28.27		05/18/22	20	131,880	4,660		3	
1	С	Good	6.00	28.27		05/18/22	20	127,340	4,500		3	
1	D	Good	6.00	28.27		05/18/22	20	127,950	4,530		3	
								ge (20 day	s) 4,56	0		
1	А		6.00	28.27		05/26/22	28					
Initial	Cure: Oi	itside		Fina	Cure: Field	d Cured	S	ample Des	scription: 6	-inch diame	eter cy	linders

Comments: Not tested for plastic unit weight.

Note: Reported air content does not include Aggregate Correction Factor (ACF).

Samples Made By: Terracon

Services: Obtain samples of fresh concrete at the placement locations (ASTM C 172), perform required field tests and cast, cure, and test compressive strength samples (ASTM C 31, C 39, C 1231).

Terracon Rep.: Randy Rippstein

Reported To:

Contractor:

Report Distribution:

(1) Texas Transportation Institute, Gary Gerke (1) Terracon Consultants, Inc., Alex Dunigan, P.E. (1) Texas Transportation Institute, Bill Griffith

Reviewed By:

Start/Stop:

Alexander Dunigan

Project Manager

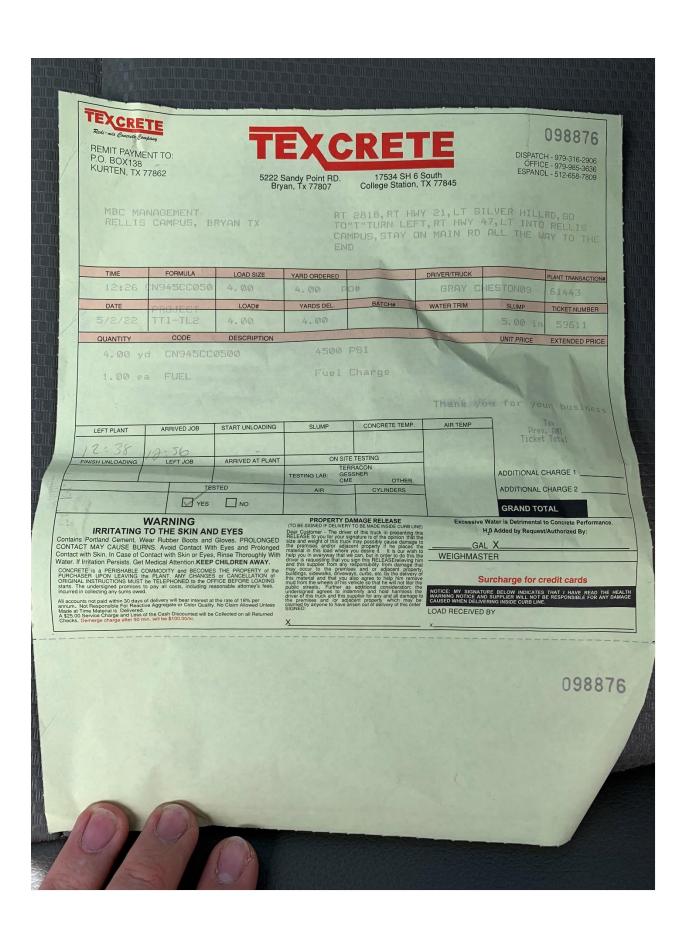
Test Methods: ASTM C 31, ASTM C143, ASTM C231, ASTM C1064

The tests were performed in general accordance with applicable ASTM, AASHTO, or DOT test methods. This report is exclusively for the use of the client indicated above and shall not be reproduced except in full without the written consent of our company. Test results transmitted herein are only applicable to the actual samples tested at the location(s) referenced and are not necessarily indicative of the properties of other apparently similar or identical materials.

CR0001, 11-16-12, Rev.6

Page 1 of 1

	exas A&M ransportation istitute		Concrete pling	Doc. No. QF 7.3- 01	Revision Date: 2020-0 7- 29
Qualit	y Form	Revised by: B.L. Griffi Approved by: D. L. Ku	th hn	Revision: 7	Page: 1 of 1
Project No:	616151-01	Casting Date:	5/2/2022	Mix Design (psi):	3400
Name of Technician Taking Sample		acon	Name of Technician Breaking Sample		acon
Signature of Technician Taking Sample		/Α	Signature of Technician Breaking Sample		/A
Load No.	Truck No.	Ticket No.	Locat	ion (from concrete	e map)
1	Gray Cheston09	59611		Right half of barrie	r
Load No.	Break Date	Cylinder Age	Total Load (lbs)	Break (psi)	Average



CONCRETE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH TEST REPORT

86

1482.0

4.0

Report Number: A1171057.0226 Service Date: 05/02/22 **Report Date:** 05/18/22 PO# 616151-01 Task:



6198 Imperial Loop College Station, TX 77845-5765 979-846-3767 Reg No: F-3272

Client				Project			
Texas Transpor	tation Insti	tute		Riverside Campus			
Attn: Gary Ger	ke			Riverside Campus			
TTI Business C	office			Bryan, TX			
3135 TAMU							
College Station	, TX 77843	3-3135		Project Number: A1171057			
Material Info	rmatior	า		Sample Information			
Specified Strei	ngth: 4,5	00 psi @ 18	days	Sample Date:	05/02/22	Sample Time:	1305
~	-		-	Sampled By:	Randy Rip	pstein	
Mix ID:	CN945CC0	0500		Weather Conditions:	Cloudy, He	eavy wind	
Supplier:	Texcrete			Accumulative Yards:	4	Batch Size (cy):	4
Batch Time:	1226	Plant:	Bryan	Placement Method:	Direct Dise	charge	
Truck No.:	09	Ticket No.:	59611	Water Added Before (gal):	9	-	
				Water Added After (gal):	0		
Field Test D	ata			Sample Location:	Wall		
Test		Result	Specification	Placement Location:	Divider wa	all on west side of ru	nway
Slump (in):		4 1/2					-
Air Content (%	6):	1.8					
Concrete Tem	p. (F):	93					

Laboratory Test Data

Ambient Temp. (F):

Yield (Cu. Yds.):

Plastic Unit Wt. (pcf):

Labor	ratory 1	est Data					Age at	Max	Comp		
Set No.	Spec ID	Cyl. Cond.	Avg Diam. (in)	Area (sq in)	Date Received	Date Tested	Test (days)	Load (lbs)	Strength (psi)	Frac Type	Tested By
1	Α	Good	6.00	28.27		05/19/22	17 F	127,400	4,510	4	
1	В	Good	6.00	28.27		05/19/22	17 F	127,290	4,500	3	
1	С	Good	6.00	28.27		05/19/22	17 F	126,740	4,480	2	
1	D		6.00	28.27		05/19/22	17 F				
1	Е		6.00	28.27		05/19/22	17 F				
Initial (Cure: Ou	tside Plastic	: Lids	Fina	l Cure: Field	Cured	S	ample Descr	iption: 6-inch	diameter cy	linders

Comments: F = Field Cured

Note: Reported air content does not include Aggregate Correction Factor (ACF).

Samples Made By: Terracon

Obtain samples of fresh concrete at the placement locations (ASTM C 172), perform required field tests and cast, cure, and Services: test compressive strength samples (ASTM C 31, C 39, C 1231).

Terracon Rep.: Randy Rippstein Reported To: Bill at TTI

Contractor: MBC Management **Report Distribution:** (1) Texas Transportation Institute, Gary Gerke (1) Terracon Consultants, Inc., Alex Dunigan, P.E.

(1) Texas Transportation Institute, Bill Griffith

Reviewed By:

Start/Stop: 1145-1500

Alexander Dunigan

Project Manager

Test Methods: ASTM C 31, ASTM C143, ASTM C231, ASTM C1064

The tests were performed in general accordance with applicable ASTM, AASHTO, or DOT test methods. This report is exclusively for the use of the client indicated above and shall not be reproduced except in full without the written consent of our company. Test results transmitted herein are only applicable to the actual samples tested at the location(s) referenced and are not necessarily indicative of the properties of other apparently similar or identical materials. Page 1 of 1

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APPENDIX C. MASH TEST 2-10 (CRASH TEST NO. 616151-01-2)

C.1 VEHICLE PROPERTIES AND INFORMATION

Table C.1. Vehicle Properties for Test No. 616151-01-2.

Date:	2022-05-23	Test No.:	616151-01-2	VIN No.:	3NICN7AP5HK434	456
Year:	2017	Make:	Versa	Model:	Nissan	
Tire Inf	lation Pressure: <u>36</u>	PSI	_ Odometer: <u>112855</u>		Tire Size: P185/6	5R15
Descrit	be any damage to th	e vehicle prie	or to test: <u>None</u>			
• Deno	otes accelerometer l	ocation.				
NOTES	S: <u>None</u>		_ A M		••	N
Engine Engine	CID: 1.6L					
\checkmark	nission Type: Auto or <u> </u>	Manual	P -> -	R		
	al Equipment:					
Dummy Type:	50th Perce	ntile Male	- F	—_н w	G G	К
Mass: Seat F	Position: 165 lb	DE	_	E		•
Geome	etry: inches		-		C	
A <u>66.7</u>	-	50	K <u>12.50</u>	P <u>4.50</u>	U	15.50
B <u>59.6</u>	0 G		L 26.00	Q 24.0	<u> </u>	21.25
C <u>175</u> .	<u>40 H 41</u>	38	M <u>58.30</u>	R <u>16.2</u>	<u>5 W</u>	41.30
D <u>40.5</u>	<u>0 l 7.0</u>	0	N <u>58.50</u>	S <u>7.50</u>	X	79.75
E <u>102.</u>	40 J <u>22</u>	50	O <u>30.50</u>	T <u>64.5</u>	0	
Whe	eel Center Ht Front	11.50	Wheel Center Ht	Rear <u>11.5</u>	<u>о w-н</u>	-0.08
RA	NGE LIMIT: A = 65 ±3 inches; C	= 169 ±8 inches; E (M+N)/2 = 59 ±2	= 98 ±5 inches; F = 35 ±4 inches; H = inches; W-H < 2 inches or use MASH	= 39 ±4 inches; O Paragraph A4.3.2	(Top of Radiator Support) = 28 :	±4 inches
GVWR	Ratings:	Mass: Ib	<u>Curb</u>	<u>Test</u>	Inertial <u>G</u>	ross Static
Front	1750	M _{front}	1455	1458	154	13
Back	1687	M _{rear}	947	989	106	9
Total	3389	MTotal	2402	2447	261	2
D	N - 4 - 1 4		Allowable TIM = 242	20 lb ±55 lb Allow	able GSM = 2585 lb ± 55 lb	
IVIass I. Ib	Distribution: LF:	762	RF: <u>696</u>	LR: <u>49</u> 4	<u>4 RR:</u>	495
Perfor	med by: <u>RK</u>			C	Date: 2022-05-23	

2022-05-23

2017

Date:

Year:

VEHICLE CRUSH MEASUREMENT SHEET ¹							
Complete When Applicable							
End Damage	Side Damage						
Undeformed end width	Bowing: B1 X1						
Corner shift: A1	B2 X2						
A2							
End shift at frame (CDC)	Bowing constant						
(check one)	X1+X2						
< 4 inches	2 =						
\geq 4 inches							

Table C.2. Exterior Crush Measurements for Test No. 616151-01-2.

VIN No.:

Model:

Nissan

3NICN7AP5HK434456

616151-01-2

Versa

Test No.:

Make:

Note: Measure C_1 to C_6 from Driver to Passenger Side in Front or Rear Impacts – Rear to Front in Side Impacts.

a .c		Direct Damage									
Specific Impact Number	Plane* of C-Measurements	Width*** (CDC)	Max*** Crush	Field L**	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_4	C_5	C_6	±D
1	AT FT BUMPER	16	3	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	+19
2	SAME	16	3	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	52
	Measurements recorded										
	🖌 inches or 🗌 mm										

¹Table taken from National Accident Sampling System (NASS).

*Identify the plane at which the C-measurements are taken (e.g., at bumper, above bumper, at sill, above sill, at beltline, etc.) or label adjustments (e.g., free space).

Free space value is defined as the distance between the baseline and the original body contour taken at the individual C locations. This may include the following: bumper lead, bumper taper, side protrusion, side taper, etc. Record the value for each C-measurement and maximum crush.

**Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the beginning or end of the direct damage width and field L (e.g., side damage with respect to undamaged axle).

***Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the location of the maximum crush.

Note: Use as many lines/columns as necessary to describe each damage profile.

Per	form	ned	hv.	RK

Date: 2022-05-23

TR No. 616151-01 1&2

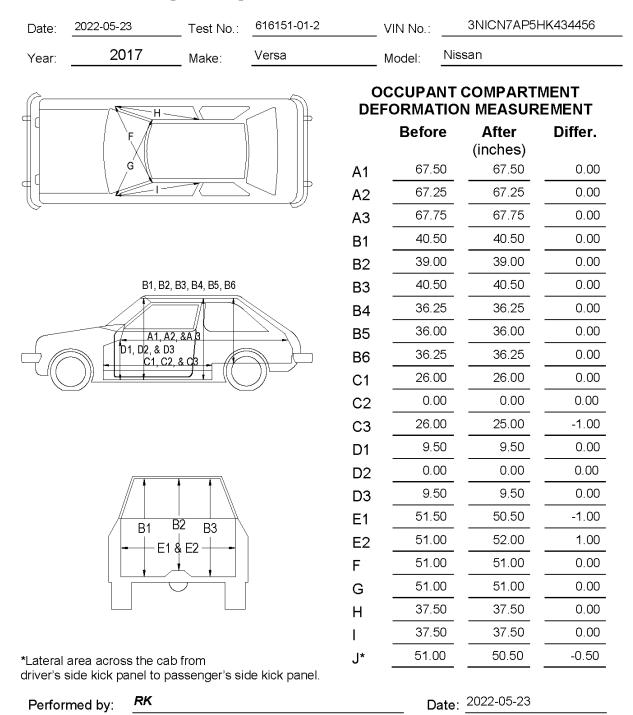


Table C.3. Occupant Compartment Measurements for Test No. 616151-01-2.

C.2. SEQUENTIAL PHOTOGRAPHS















Figure C.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 616151-01-2 (Overhead and Frontal Views).

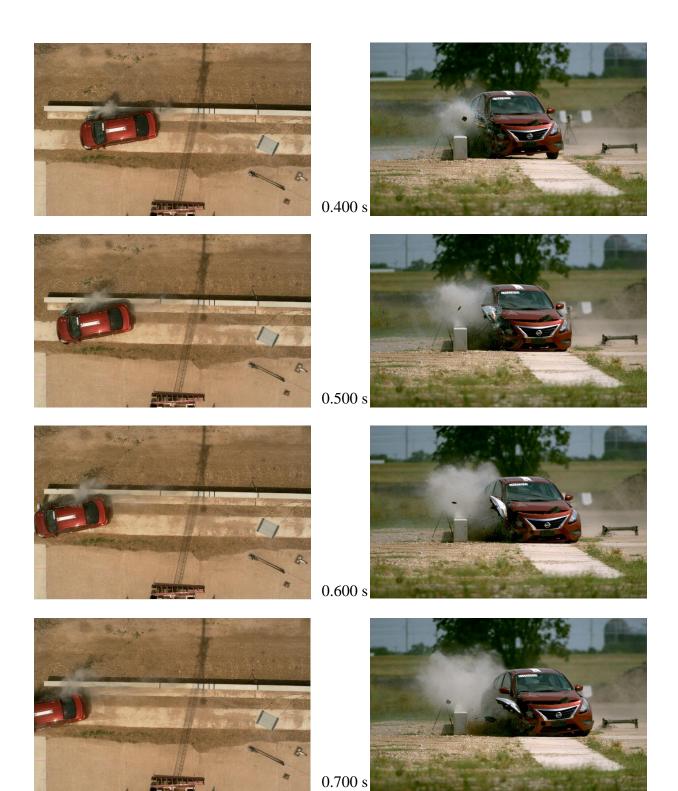


Figure C.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 616151-01-2 (Overhead and Frontal Views) (Continued).



0.000 s



0.100 s

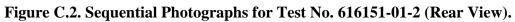


0.200 s



0.300 s







0.400 s

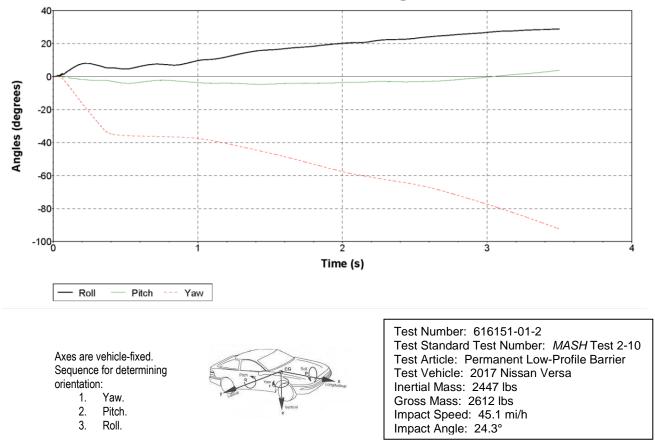








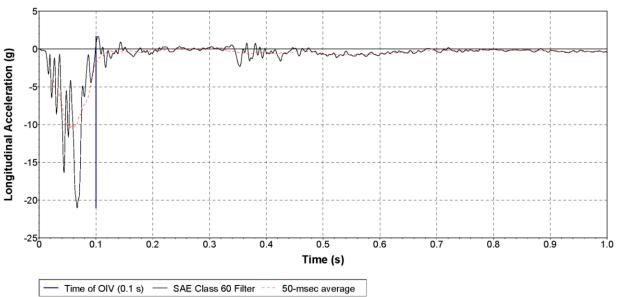
C.3. VEHICLE ANGULAR DISPLACEMENTS



Roll, Pitch and Yaw Angles

Figure C.3. Vehicle Angular Displacements for Test No. 616151-01-2.





X Acceleration at CG

Figure C.4. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 616151-01-2 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).

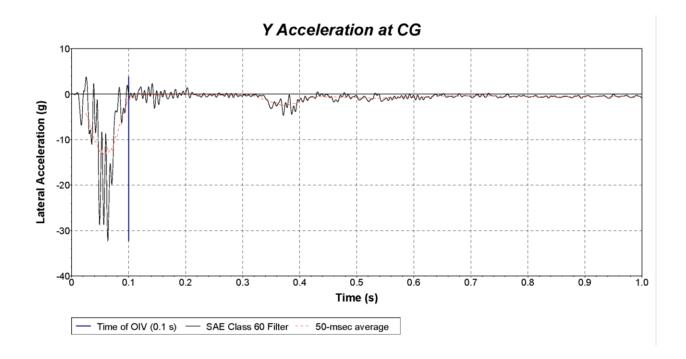


Figure C.5. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 616151-01-2 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).

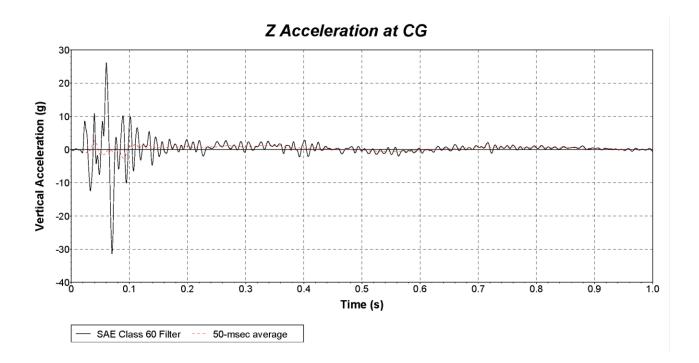


Figure C.6. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 616151-01-2 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).

APPENDIX D. MASH TEST 2-11 (CRASH TEST NO. 616151-01-1)

D.1 VEHICLE PROPERTIES AND INFORMATION

Table D.1. Vehicle Properties for Test No. 616151-01-1.

Date: 2	022-05-19	Test No.:	616151-	01-1	VIN No.:	1C6RR6F	T6HS542888		
Year:	2017	Make:	RAN		Model:	1	500		
Tire Size:	265/70 R 17			Tire I	nflation Pre	ssure:	35 psi		
Tread Type:	Highway				Odo	meter: <u>113760</u>			
Note any dar	nage to the ve	hicle prior to te	st: None						
 Denotes a 	ccelerometer l	ocation			∎×	-			
NOTES: <u>N</u>				(-	711 T				
Engine Type Engine CID:	: V-8 <u>5.7 liter</u>		A M -				N T		
Transmissior	туре:	•				-TEST INER'	TIAL C. M.		
Auto	or <u>L</u> IZI RWD	Manual		₽ • Q	-				
Optional Equ			P —						
None	iipmeni.		1	E -					
Dummy Data Type:	↓ 」↓ 14	FQ							
Mass: Seat Positio		0 lb		- F	— H — ►	∟g ∙E►	⊷D-►		
				\ ▼ ₽	M	Ψ _F	M REAR		
Geometry: A 78	inches .50 F	40.00	к	20.00	Р	-c	► 26.75		
· · ·	.00 G	28.60		30.00	- ' Q	30.50	V 30.25		
C 227		61.70	м	68.50	- ~ _ R	18.00	W 61.70		
D 44	.00 1	11.75	N	68.00	 s	13.00	X 79.00		
E 140	.50 J	27.00	0	46.00	т_	77.00			
Wheel Ce Height F		14.75 _{Clear}	Wheel Well ance (Front)		6.00	Bottom Frame Height - Front	12.50		
Wheel Ce	nter	4 4 75	Wheel Well		9.25	Bottom Frame	22.50		
Height R RANGE LIMIT: A=			rance (Rear) _ hes; F=39 ±3 inch	es; G = > 28 in		Height - Rear ches: 0=43 ±4 inches; (N			
RANGE LIMIT: A=78 ±2 inches; C=237 ±13 inches; E=148 ±12 inches; F=39 ±3 inches; G => 28 inches; H = 63 ±4 inches; O=43 ±4 inches; (M+N)/2=67 ±1.5 inches GVWR Ratings: Mass: Ib Curb Test Inertial Gross Static									
Front	3700	Mfront	2	910		2836	2836		
Back	3900	M _{rear}		105		2222	2222		
Total	6700	M _{Total}	5		Pange for TIM and	$\frac{5058}{GSM = 5000}$ lb ±110 lb)	5058		
Mass Distribution:									
lb	LF:	1436	RF:	400	LR:	1122 RF	R: <u>1100</u>		
Performed by: RK Date: 2022-05-19									

Date:	2022-05-19 Te	est No.:	616151-01-1		\	_ VIN No.:		1C6RR6FT6HS542888						
Year:	2017 Ma	ake:	R	AM	N	Model:			1500					
	VEH	ICLE CR				NT SH	IEET ¹							
	End Damaga	0	mplete Wl	ien Appi	icable		C.J. T							
End Damage Undeformed end width					Side Damage Bowing: B1 X1									
	Corner shift: A1					B2 X2								
	A2 End shift at frame (CDC)					Bowing constant								
	×)			-									
	(check one)			$\frac{X1+X2}{2} = $										
	<4 ii	nches				2	-							
	≥ 4 is	nches												
Note: Mea Specific Impact Number 1 2	Plane* of C-Measurements AT FT BUMPER AT FRONT BUMPER Measurements recorded ✓ inches or ☐ mm	to Passeng Direct I Width*** (CDC) 14 14		Front or Field L*** 22 54	C1	C2	- Rear C3	C4	nt in Sie C5		+D -24 78			
¹ Table tak	ten from National Acciden	t Sampling	System (N	IASS)										
*Identify t beltline, et Free space C location	the plane at which the C-n tc.) or label adjustments (e e value is defined as the di as. This may include the fo	neasuremer e.g., free sp stance betw ollowing: b	nts are take ace) veen the ba umper leac	n (e.g., a seline an l, bumpe	d the o	riginal	body c	ontour	taken a	at the ir				
	e value for each C-measur e and document on the vel				end of	the dir	ect dan	190e W	idth an	d field '	[(e g			
	ge with respect to undama		in the obgi		0100 01		e or addi				- (°.g.,			
***Measu	are and document on the v	ehicle diagi	am the loc	ation of	the max	ximum	crush.							
Note: Use	as many lines/columns as	necessary	to describe	each da	mage p	rofile.								

Table D.2. Exterior Crush Measurements for Test No. 616151-01-1.

Performed by: <u>RK</u>_____

Date: 2022-05-19

Date:	2022-05-19	_ Test No.:616151-01-1		_ VIN No.:	1C6RR6FT6HS542888						
Year:	2017	Make:	RAM	_ Model:	1500						
	71 10	· +) / +		OCCUPANT COMPARTMENT DEFORMATION MEASUREMENT							
	F			Before	After (inches)	Differ.					
	J E1	E2 E3 E	A1	65.00	65.00	0.00					
K			A2	63.00	63.00	0.00					
		- н - 1	АЗ	65.50	65.50	0.00					
			B1	45.00	45.00	0.00					
			B2	38.00	38.00	0.00					
		B1-3 B4-6	ВЗ	45.00	45.00	0.00					
			B4	39.50	39.50	0.00					
			-6 B5	43.00	43.00	0.00					
			B6	39.50	39.50	0.00					
	C1-3	3-+	C1	26.00	26.00	0.00					
	\mathcal{I}		 C2	0.00	0.00	0.00					
	<u> </u>		C3	26.00	26.00	0.00					
			D1	11.00	11.00	0.00					
			D2	0.00	0.00	0.00					
			D3	11.50	11.50	0.00					
		32,5	E1	58.50	58.50	0.00					
	B1,4	B3,6	E2	63.50	63.50	0.00					
	- E	1-4 — J — •	E3	63.50	63.50	0.00					
			E4	63.50	63.50	0.00					
			F	59.00	59.00	0.00					
			G	59.00	59.00	0.00					
			н	37.50	37.50	0.00					
	rea across the cal			37.50	37.50	0.00					
kickpanel	to passenger's sid	de kickpanel.	J*	25.00	25.00	0.00					
Perform	ned by: <u>RK</u>			Date:	2022-0	05-19					

Table D.3. Occupant Compartment Measurements for Test No. 616151-01-1.

D.2. SEQUENTIAL PHOTOGRAPHS















0.300 s Figure D.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 616151-01-1 (Overhead and Frontal Views).

















Figure D.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 616151-01-1 (Overhead and Frontal Views) (Continued).



0.000 s



0.100 s

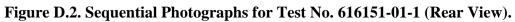


0.200 s



0.300 s







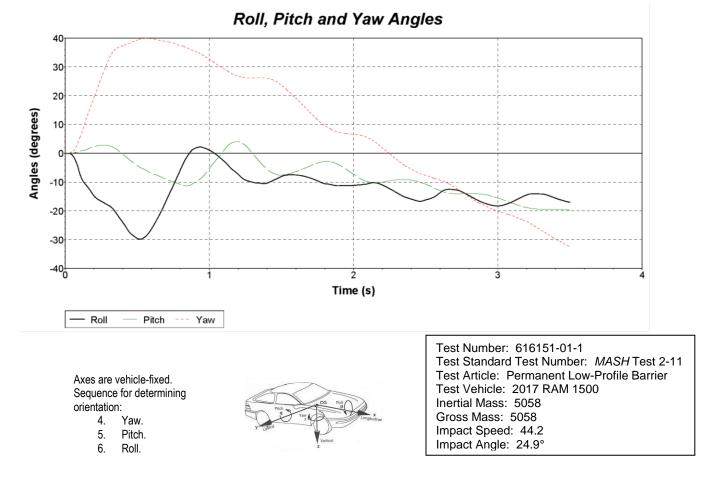
0.400 s





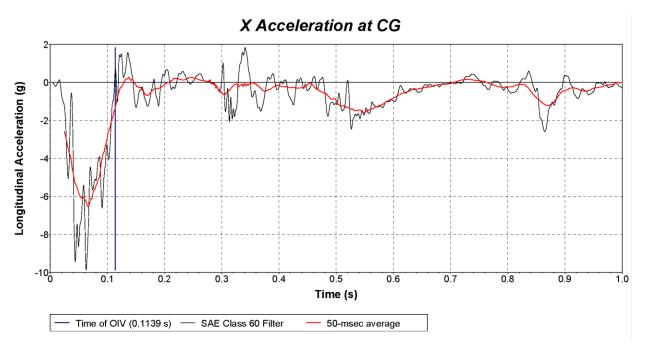






D.3. VEHICLE ANGULAR DISPLACEMENTS

Figure D.3. Vehicle Angular Displacements for Test No. 616151-01-1.



D.4. VEHICLE ACCELERATIONS

Figure D.4. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 616151-01-1 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).

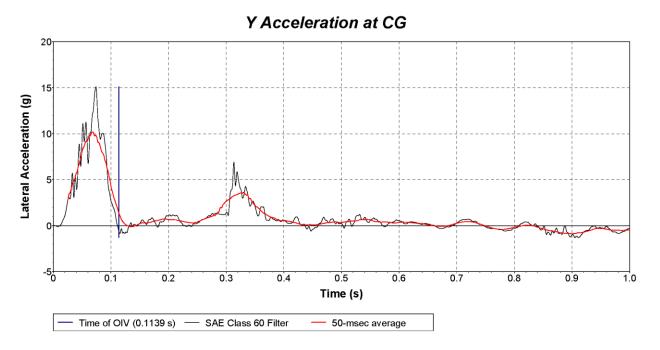


Figure D.5. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 616151-01-1 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).

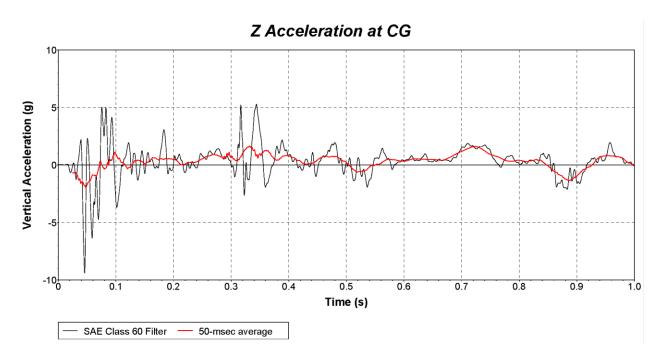


Figure D.6. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 616151-01-1 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).